BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,654—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 48	For Annum	Rs. 60
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Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 68
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These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	2 8
Third do.	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2½ ,, ,,

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	0-8 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged or at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

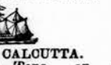
Price per Copy..... As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATIONS COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—



FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. ELORA, 2,000 Tons, on SATURDAY, 1st Nov., 1879, at 3 p. m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. UMBALLA, 840 Tons, on THURSDAY, 30th October, 1879, at 4 p. m., calling at KURRACHEE, JASK, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, GWADUR, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, FAO, and BUSSORAH, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on MONDAY, 3rd Nov., 1879, at 10 a.m.

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. BURMAH, 1,272 Tons, on MONDAY, 17th November, 1879, connecting at Aden with S. S. GOA, 1,906 Tons.

Saloon passage ..... Rs. 500
Second Class passage ..... ,, 235

The GOA is due in London about 25th December. Transfer at Aden made by Company. The Goa carries a Surgeon.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. BURMAH, 1,272 Tons, on MONDAY, 17th November, 1879. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered, as the Union Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Burmah's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 25th October 1879. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA BOMBAY on the 26th, and on the 1st of *each Month*,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Including Wine.
Suez	360	220	80	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Messina	440	240	140	
Naples	460	240	140	
Leghorn	500	240	140	
Genoa	500	240	140	
Marseilles	530	250	145	Without Wine.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

SUMATRA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st November, 1879.
ARABIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st December, 1879.
GANGE, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 24th December, 1879.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa, can now be booked at through rates.

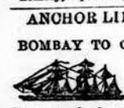
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA.
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, September, 1879.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO GENOA AND LIVERPOOL.



THE new Steamer BRITANNIA, 3,000 Tons, Captain Robert Hutchison, will sail from BOMBAY for GENOA and LIVERPOOL, on SATURDAY, the 22nd November.

This steamer has been specially built for the Indian trade, and her Saloon and Cabins are all on Deck.

Passage Money to Genoa ..... Rs. 400
Do. Liverpool ..... ,, 500

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 17th October 1879.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, via SUEZ CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE:—

S. S. POLLUX, Captain G. Ragusin, on the 8th November, 1879.
S. S. HUNGARIA, Captain G. Doncich, on the 16th December, 1879.
S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. Marussig, on the 4th January, 1880

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	,, 375	,, 265	,, 143 0
To Port Said	,, 320	,, 205	,, 131 0
To Suez	,, 300	,, 240	,, 122 0
To Aden	,, 170	,, 120	,, 66 8

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM TRIESTE TO LONDON.

Via Vienna, the Rhine, Ostende, or Calais and Dover, are granted by the undersigned at

	Via Calais.	Via Ostende.
First Class, Trieste to London	£12-8	£11-18
Second Class, Trieste to Cologne	£9-19	£9-14
First Class, Cologne to London	£7-9	

Travellers with through tickets are allowed 1lbs. 55 free luggage.

Tickets are available for two months from the date of departure from Trieste.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company, Limited, Marine Branch.

For further particulars, freight, passage, etc., etc., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 13th October 1879.

BYCULLA FOUNDRY AND ENGINEERING WORKS, ESTABLISHED 1858.

THE FOUNDRY, FITTING, SMITHS' and BOILER-MAKERS' DEPARTMENTS are each under skilled European supervision and fitted with the best Machinery for high class work and quick despatch.

Estimates for every description of Iron and Brass work will be forwarded on application.

Machinery of all kinds imported through our Home Agent.

RICHARDSON & Co.

Workshand Offices, Nesbit Lane, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879
(a) KHIVA	2809	450	G. Lee	3rd Nov.
SURAT	3181	530	W. E. Breese	10th do.
(a) ANCONA	3081	600	E. G. Stead	17th do.
BANGALORE	2342	450	C. Fraser	24th do.
(a) GWALIOR	2772	450	J. C. Babot	1st Dec.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	8th do.
(a) KASHGAR	2621	450	E. J. Baker	15th do.

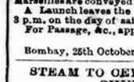
Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (a) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 25th October 1879. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.



THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
PESHAWUR	3781	600	C. A. White	11th Nov.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	R. Methven	25th do.
BOKHARA	2932	450	W. D. Anderson	9th Dec.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 25th October 1879. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2281	450	W. W. Fentiman	7th Nov.
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	5th Dec.
ASSAM	3083	500	N. Stewart	2nd Jan. 1880

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 25th October 1879. Acting Superintendent.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET, with immediate possession, the well known Bungalow on Cumballa Hill, known as "ALTAMONT," lately in the occupation of the Hon'ble Justice Pinhey. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

"THE BYKE," MATHERAN.

THIS beautifully situated BUNGALOW is now to be let for the October Season. It has been entirely refitted at considerable expense, and affords an excellent chance for anyone who proposes to visit this favourite Hill Station.

For particulars as to rent, &c. address

W. COOPER,
4, Forbes Street, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 1st November, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, by order of the concerned, and on account and risk of Messrs. Forbes and Co, and Abdool Curreem Heerjeebhoy and Co., and Abramovitz and Co.

A K H & Co. Out of 1—48—35 cases provisions.
Abdool Curreem Heerjeebhoy and Co.,
and
A & Co—Out of 3,611-30—2 cases playing cards, Abramovitz and Co.
On account and risk of Goolam Hoosein Khulfan.
G K 3—1 case silvered and gilt chains, ex Whampoa.

On SATURDAY, the 8th November, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Victoria Cross Lane, Byculla, in the bungalow lately in the occupation of Surgeon-Major W. F. Patridge, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished richly carved household furniture, best plate&wre, rich crockery and glassware, crystal glass, 6-8 and 12 lights hanging chandeliers, 4 table branched wall-lights, 4 and 5 lights hanging grand lamps, large pier glasses in gilt frames, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view, four days before the day of sale.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of December next, at 1 p.m., at Tarwaddy, Malabar Hill, the valuable blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture by Deschamps, also, the crockery and glassware, the property of Colonel J. A. M. Macdonald, and if not previously disposed of by private sale, a four-seated landau, and a small Stanhope phaeton, two pairs of Bay Australian horses and one half-bred English mare, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

N B.—The plants will be sold at 6-30 a.m. on the same day.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th November, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood French polished richly carved household furniture, best electroplated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome large japanese vases, large pier glasses, parian and bronze figures, large fish pond with fish, 1 English-built serviceable strong mail phaeton convertible into Waggonette, by Kesterton, (if not previously disposed of by private sale) a collection of rare English, Japanese and China birds, monkeys, stag, deer, &c., first rate pictures, choice ornaments, a large collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of W. A. Glazebrook, Esq., proceeded to Europe.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

N. B.—The plants will be sold at 6 a. m. on the same day.

GREAT SALE OF BOOKS.

On or about the 15th of November next, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, a very valuable library of choice and rare books, consisting of over 3,000 volumes. The sale will take place in the upper saloons of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

Catalogues will be published and due intimation will be given when the books are on view.

NOTICE.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES.

Messrs. BENETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the Executors of the late Mr. Hajee Esmail Hajee Habit, the following properties:—

Lot No. 5.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 29th, at 4 p.m., on the premises, All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenements, dwelling house or warehouse standing thereon, and situated without the Fort walls of Bombay, in Cajee Syed Street, near Marjed or Mandvee Bunder, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No.—and by the Collector of Assessment under No. 94, and containing by admeasurement 14 square yards, be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows, that is to say—on the east by the sweepers' passage, on the west by the Cajee Syed Street, on the north by the property of Moosa Mapia, and on the south by the property of Goca Topen, and is in the sub-district of Mandvee.

Lot No. 6.

On the same day, at 5 p. m., on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land or Government ground with messuage tenement, dwelling house or stable standing thereon, and situated without the Fort walls of Bombay, in the 2nd Coomarwada Street, and containing by admeasurement 1904-9 square yards or thereabouts, be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows, that is to say—on the east by the 2nd Coomarwada street, on the west by the 1st Coomarwada street, on the north by the property of Khetsee Bhimjee, and on the South by the property of Esmaiji Dome walls, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No 639, and by the Collector of Assessment under No. 23, and is in the sub-district of Mandvee.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

Berthon's Patent Collapsible life boat useful for fishing and shooting excursions.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 29th October 1879.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of Tubular Boilers with guage glasses, wrenches, bricks, &c., also Iron Girders and Wall Boxes, at present on view in the godowns of Messrs. C. H. B. Forbes and Co., 4 Elphinstone Circle.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the godowns of Messrs. C. H. B. Forbes and Co., No. 4 Elphinstone Circle.

2 Howards safety Boilers, each with 3 suctions of six 12 in. by 9 in. tubes, with the necessary appliances, &c.
7 Large iron girders.
3 Large iron wall boxes.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 30th inst., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will held their usual weekly Auction Sale at their room of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist &c.

3 bales grey shirtings.
2 do. grey shirtings.
5 do. Twist No. 18-10.
10 cases white nulls, doria and nansooks.
2 do. mouul prints.
1 do. black woolen cloth.
3 do Alapaca and cotton umbrellas.
1,00 iron rice plates
63 gross 3 chest locks.
6 cwts iron wire.
2 cases toys.
2 do. purses.
5 do. carbolic and glycerine and glycerine and creamsoap.
On account of Esmial Abdoola and Sulliman Adam,
E A 2 cases toys (part of 5 cases) ex " Mirzapore,"
On account of Indentor Gangjee Poonja, ex " Malwa,"
46 cases glassware consisting of kerosine lamps, assorted tumblers, finger cups, cream, salt and butter pots, &c., &c.
Household furniture of a gentleman leaving the Presidency.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 29th October 1879.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

SALE OF BREWER'S LAMPS, &c.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co, will sell by Public Auction, at No. 2, Meadow Street, Fort, by order of the Official Assignee, High Court, and in Re W. J. Brewer, an insolvent.

Few Brewer's patent Hyperion Reflector Lamps of sorts, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 29th October 1879.

SPORTING AMMUNITION.

CAPS. SHOT.
CARTRIDGES. WADDING.
POWDER. SUNDRIES.
NEW MATERIALS AND APPLIANCES
Of every description
IMPORTED, ON INTRODUCTION TO HOME USE.
Detailed priced Catalogue on application.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—We have REMOVED our Office to 29, APOLLO STREET.

C. MACDONALD & Co.

28th October 1879.

BASS BEER, in Hogsheads and Kilderkins, FOR SALE. Apply to Godown-keeper,

LYON & Co.,
Agents, Bass and Co.

BROACH COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AT the GENERAL MEETING to be held on the 11th November 1879, at noon, sanction will be asked of the Shareholders to increase the number of Directors from Three to Four.

C. DOUGLAS, Chairman.

Bombay, 28th October 1879.

WANTED, by the KOLHAPUR STATE, an EXECUTIVE and ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE ENGINEER (European). Liberal terms. Apply, enclosing certificates, to the undersigned. None need apply who have not the professional qualifications for similar appointments under Government.

F. SCHNEIDER,
Political Agent, Kolhapur and Sind.

Kolhapur, 23rd October 1879.

COMMISSARIAT.

SUPPLY of 104 HORSE JHOOLS and 500 MULE JHOOLS.

Tenders will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bombay at 1 p m., on the 29th October 1879.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules, with further particulars, can be had on application at the above office.

H. VAN HEYTHUYSEN, Lieut.-Col.,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

Bombay, Executive Commissariat Office, 28th October 1879.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of BOMBAY will be held in the Municipal Offices at 3 o'clock p. m. on FRIDAY, 7th November 1879, for the consideration of the following business:

Budget Estimates for 1880.
Appointment of Auditors for 1880.
By order of the Chairman,

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 28th October 1879.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS FOR 1880.

TWENTIETH November is the last day for Ordering the above.

Revised Price List Now Ready, and will be sent gratis.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
26, Meadow Street.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

MISCELLANEOUS STORES, KEROSINE OIL, &c.

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of Miscellaneous Petty Stores, Articles of Country produce, Kerosine Oil, &c., required by the Company for 12 months, from 1st January 1880.

Forms of Tenders may be obtained, samples seen, and further particulars learned upon application at the Storekeeper's Office, Byculla.

Sealed Tenders will be received if accompanied by a deposit as a guarantee of good faith of Rupees One Thousand in Cash or Government Paper by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, up to noon on WEDNESDAY, the 19th November instant, after which hour no Tender will be received.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept nor to assign a reason for the rejection of any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 28th October 1879.

PASSENGERS FROM ENGLAND PROCEEDING UP-COUNTRY Can be supplied with

TIFFIN BASKETS

for two, three, or four persons: fitted in various degrees of completeness.

Rs. 23; 28-8; 30; 33; 40; 45; 50; 54; 56 and 60.

DRAM FLASKS; SANDWICH CASES.
CORK-SCREWS; LEVER KNIVES; CUTLERY.
HELMETS, HATS, PUGREES, &c.
AIR CUSHIONS, CARDS AND BEZIQUE.
PRESERVED PROVISIONS,
Biscuits, Pies, Sausages, &c. &c.
WINES; LIQUORS.
Soda and other Aerated Waters,
AND
Other requisites for comfort in travelling; by

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer	3 0
Rowsester's Hair Restorer	1 12
Wright's Coal Tar Soap	0 6
Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Paste	1 0
Common's Areca Nut Tooth Paste	1 4
Cocoatina	0 & 1 12
Hydroline or Hydrated Oil	2 12
Clarke's Miraculous Salve	0 12
Keating's Insect Powder	0 10 & 1 0
Joy's Cigarettes	1 8
Battle's Vermin Killer	4 0
Beecham's Pills	0 14
Rowland's Kalydor	2 12
Do. Odonto	1 8
Do. Macassar Oil	1 12 & 3 4
Parr's Life Pills	0 12
Brown's Troches	0 12
Grimault's Guarana Powder	1 8
Do. Cigarettes	1 12
King's Pills	0 12 & 1 12
Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap	1 2
D-Roos's Vegetable Life Pills	0 12
Do. Renal Pills	0 12
Do. Gutta Vita	7 0 & 21 8
Tamar Indien	1 12
Mather's Fuller's Earth	0 10
Osborn's Sulphur Soap	0 6
Hop's Extract of Malt	1 12
Dusart's Syrup	2 12
Godfrey's Extract of Elder Flowers	1 12
Wilkinson's Bronchio Thoracic Lozenges	1 12
Winslow's Soothing Syrup	0 12
Dalby's Carminative	1 2
Gillingwater's Electric Hair Dye	2 12
Saunder's Bloom of Ninon	0 12
Nothway's Kill Pain	1 0
&c., &c., &c.	

B. S. MADON & CO.,
12, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line 8 As. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

LOST, last FRIDAY, a WATCH near the Gymkhana. If the finder will return it, an ample reward will be given. Apply to W., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

MUSIC LESSONS given by a GENTLEMAN. Please apply to M. A., this Office.

WANTED, by a young man a SITUATION as Gentleman's Servant, no objection to go to England or Italy. Apply to "P. A.," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FREE PASSAGE TO ENGLAND will be given a respectable WOMAN in Exchange for her services. Apply "B.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SOCIAL QUADRILLE PARTY, No. 2, Bell Lane, Fort, is postponed to FRIDAY, 7th November. Ticket Rs. 3, apply Secretary, care this Paper.

D. COY. B. V. R.—The Company will march out this evening accompanied by the Band of the Regiment. Fall in at last seven, Byculla Church. Uniform—White, with Forage Caps.

FOR SALE, a Fast Trotter, Arab, Perfect Sound Horse. Height 14-3, going quiet in carriage and riding, age 4. Price, Rs. 600. Apply S., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

MANOREE HILL QUARRIES STONE FOR SALE, of excellent quality, for Columns, Steps, Ashlor, Blocking Course, Rubble, Ballast and earth. 5, Hummum St. Fort.

FOR SALE, several new Victoria and all description of other Carriages. CARRIAGE COMMISSION ROOM opposite Byculla Hotel.

FOR SALE (Owner leaving Bombay) Gulf Arab horse, height 14..... Rs. 280
Harmonium in oak, eight stops, with case ..... ,, 175
For particulars apply by letter to A. C. Newcombe, or F. Hensley, Public Works Office, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1879. Price Rs. 5; with postage Rs. 5-2. Care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE, showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines, with Tables of Fares, and other information required by travellers, with a Coloured Map of India. Published monthly at the *Bombay Gazette* Office. Price As. 8.

FOR SALE, Single Barrelled EXPRESS RIFLE by Alex. Henry, of Edinburgh, ·577 gauge, nearly new, in leather case, with implements complete, price Rs. 350. Double Barrelled 20-bore Breech-loading PISTOL, C. F., with skeleton butt, in case complete, price Rs. 150. A Five Barrelled BULLDOG REVOLVER, with 250 cartridges, price Rs. 35. A SADDLE in good order with Numdha by Gardea, price Rs. 40. A BEAR SPEAR, length 6 feet 6 in., Spearhead made by Bodraj, of Aurangabad, length 19 inches, with cross piece 13 inches, price Rs. 25. For further information apply to Messrs. KING, KING and Co., Bombay.

TRY PEARSE'S MACHINE MADE HOUSEHOLD BREAD. Price Six Pice the 16ozs. loaf

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

THE Company's Supplies of these Goods are from the best Manufacturers only, and may be thoroughly relied upon for strength and wear. In elegance, novelty of design, and variety of selection the Stock is unequalled by any in India.

EPERGNES, DESSERT AND FLOWER STANDS,
in a variety of new and elegant designs,
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 165.

CRUET FRAMES,
Full sized,
5, 6, or 7 Bottles.
From Rs. 36 to Rs. 100.

BREAKFAST CRUETS,
In a variety of pretty shapes and Fancy designs.
From Rs. 16 to Rs. 50.

MUFFINEERS,
All Electro-plate in a number of different designs,
Sets of 3 in cases.
From Rs. 25 to Rs. 60.
Singly from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10.

Glass Mounted in Electro,
From Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 6.

PICKLE FRAMES,
Carrying one, two or three bottles,
From Rs. 25 to Rs. 85.

ICE PITCHERS,
In a variety of Elegant designs with moveable stone China Lining.
Invaluable for Champagne Cups, &c.
From Rs. 35 to Rs. 65.

CLARET JUGS,
All Electro-plate, or Glass-mounted with Electro-plate.
From Rs. 25 to Rs. 112.

SPIRIT & LIQUEUR FRAMES,
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 100.

SALVERS AND WAITERS,
of 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18 inches diameter, in a variety of handsome patterns.
From Rs. 16 to Rs. 70.

FISH KNIVES AND CARVERS,
From Rs. 30 to Rs. 175.

BISCUIT BOXES,
All Electro-plate, richly Chased and Engraved, or in Glass-mounted with Electro-plate,
From Rs. 22-8 to Rs. 100.

JAM AND MARMALADE JARS,
All Electro-plate, handsomely Chased or Engraved, or in Glass-mounted in Electro-plate.
From Rs. 12 to Rs. 35.

EGG FRAMES,
With 4 or 6 Cups and Spoons.
From Rs. 27 to Rs. 60.

TABLE CANDLESTICKS,
With Shades complete, per pair,
From Rs. 45 to Rs. 60.

CHAMBER CANDLESTICKS,
With Shades and Extinguishers, per pair,
From Rs. 25 to Rs. 45.

DESSERT KNIVES AND FORKS,
Richly chased, engraved, or plain, in Ivory, Pearl or Plain handles; sets of 6 and 12, in handsome cases,
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 165.

OVAL SIDE DISHES,
of the Beaded, Greek Key, Scroll and other Patterns each pair, forming at pleasure or six dishes.
From Rs. 200 to Rs. 250 per pair
or in set of 4,
From Rs. 375 to Rs. 425.

OVAL BREAKFAST DISHES,
with Drainers,
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 112 each.

ROUND VEGETABLE DISHES,
With or without handles and divisions for 3 different kinds of Vegetable.
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 120.

SALT CELLARS AND SPOONS,
Cases containing 4 or 6 each, in a variety of beautiful patterns,
From Rs. 36 to Rs. 70.

ICE PAILS,
All Electro-plate,
From Rs. 22 to Rs. 56.

Glass neatly Mounted, in Electro Plate.
From Rs. 10 to Rs. 20.

DESSERT FRUIT SPOONS,
Very handsome, in Morocco Cases.
From Rs. 30 to Rs. 60.

SODAWATER & PEG STANDS,
From Rs. 25 to Rs. 150.

TEA & COFFEE SERVICES,
comprising
Coffee Pot, Tea Pot, Covered Cream Jug and Sugar Basin.

Bachelors' Miniature Sets,
From Rs. 45 to Rs. 225.
Family Services,
From Rs. 120 to Rs. 300.

BUTTER DISHES,
All Electro-plate with plain or revolving Cover.
From Rs. 27 to Rs 50.

Glass Mounted in Electro-Plate,
From Rs. 20 to Rs. 45.

SARDINE BOXES,
From Rs. 20 to Rs. 30.

TOAST RACKS,
From Rs. 8 to Rs. 20.

EGG BOILERS,
Various designs.
From Rs. 30 to Rs. 40.

NAPKIN RINGS,
Sets of 6 in Morocco Cases.
From Rs. 18 to Rs. 40.

MISCELLANEOUS PIECES.

AG DANS.
CALL BELLS.
ETNAS.
BUTTER KNIVES.
CHAMPAGNE BOTTLE HOLDERS.
CAKE BASKETS.
CIGAR LAMPS.
CRUMB-SCOOPS.
FISH CARVERS AND KNIVES.
MENU HOLDERS.
OYSTER SCOLLOPS.
PICKLE FORKS.
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SAUCE BOTTLE FRAMES.

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Dry Water Colours.	Mahl Sticks.
Moist do. in pans.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
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Dry Water Colour Boxes.	Bristol Boards.
Moist do.	Mounting Boards.
Oil Colour Boxes.	Drawing Pencils.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.	Crayons.
Camel Hair Pencils.	Gold and Silver Shells.
Siberian do.	Gold Leaf.
Sable do.	Millboards.
Hog Hair Tools for Oils.	
Sable ditto.	
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Oil Sketching Paper.	
Prepared Canvas.	
Do. Millboards.	

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WATCHMAKER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WATCHES,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ALWAYS ON HAND all kinds of Gold, Silver, German Silver and Brass WATCHES of solid and elegant manufacture, warranted good time

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 28, 1879.

Consols are still quoted at 97⅞, but French Rentes have receded from 117¾ to 117½, while 4 per cent. Rupee Paper is quoted ¼ higher at 79¾, and 4½ per cent. 86¾, an advance of 1 per cent.

Further withdrawals from the Bank of England are advised of £175,000 for Germany and £175,000 for North America, making a total of £650,000 since last return; but the Money Market is not perceptibly higher, the rate of discount on 3 months' bills being still quoted at 1½ and on 4 months' at 1⅝ per cent. per annum.

Coffee continues active, M. P. Ceylon being quoted 1s. 6d. and G. O. Native 3s. per cwt. higher. Cocoanut Oil is unchanged. In Seeds the only alteration is an advance of 6d. per quarter in Calcutta Linseed. Wheat is unchanged, except for a decline of 1s. per quarter in Soft Red, to arrive, via Cape. The London Skin Sales opened yesterday, with 1,220,000 Skins offered. There was a fair demand for all kinds, but no change in prices.

Piece Goods in Manchester continue firm; and Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed firm, Surats strong, the day's sales being estimated at 7,000 bales, of which 1,200 were Surats. Spot quotations show a further rise of ⅛d. per lb. in Americans, Mid.-Orleans being now quoted at 7¼d., and 1-16d. per lb. in all grades of Omras. If present prices for Americans are maintained, however, Surats are pretty certain to improve, as they are now proportionately the cheapest cotton in the market. In New York yesterday ready Mid.-Uplands was still quoted at 11 cents., but January shipment receded from 11·35 to 11·12 cents per lb.* The receipts at the U. S. ports to date show the following comparisons:—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Two days' Receipts	50,000	33,000	34,000
Three ,, ,, ...	76,000	55,800	61,000
Total since 1st Sept	1,051,800	896,300	617,000

Bar Silver in London yesterday advanced from 52¼d. to 53d. per oz., at which it is equivalent to about 1s. 8 5-16d. per Rupee.

Exchange, owing to the rise in Silver, opened this morning with an advance of 1-16d. all round, and during the day a further improvement of 1-32d. to 1-16d. was established. To begin with, the Banks were by no means willing buyers, but later in the day they showed a disposition to buy forward, and a fair amount of business has been done. Whether this, however, indicates the probability of the rise having about run its course is very difficult to say. Hitherto, Silver, owing to short supplies in the London market, has undoubtedly taken the lead of Exchange, but at to-day's level we are above the parity of Silver, and it is not at all unlikely that we may be going too fast, although with Calcutta closed it is impossible to form a very reliable estimate. Here, there is not export business sufficient to support a rise, but it is quite possible that active trade in Calcutta may bridge over the interval until shipments of produce hence assume more importance, when the permanence of the rise would be pretty well assured. One very strong feature is the upward movement in Rupee Paper at Home. This will undoubtedly lead to large remittances from this side, which take the place of export produce so far as supporting Exchange, and should therefore be closely watched in making any estimate of the future course of rates. Closing quotations to-day are:—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 8 13-32 to 7-16d. per Rs.	
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 8 17-32 to 9-16d.	,,
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 8 23-32d.	,,
Documents 3 months' sight	1s. 8½d.	,,
France 3 months' sight	2·19 to ¼	,,

Government Paper to-day has received an upward impetus from the advance in prices in London, and there are now buyers but few sellers at—Fours Rs. 93½; Fours-and-a-half Rs. 101¼.

Shares continue firm, and in Spinning and Weaving Mill Companies a general advance of Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 per share has been established. Bank shares are all unchanged, Bank of Bombay being still quoted at Rs. 663½. In Land Companies there is no alteration, and in Press Companies the only change to note is an advance of Rs. 5 in Mofussil.

Cotton.—The rise in Exchange and freight has induced exporters to act very cautiously for Old Cotton, and although prices are Rs. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy lower, we have not heard of any purchases of importance except for the local mills. Of new crop there are still very few sellers, but we hear of a purchase of 300 bales New Broach for February delivery at Rs. 220 per candy. For Omra the same delivery Rs. 210 is quoted for good and Rs. 205 for Fully Good Fair.

Seeds.—Linseed is quiet at Rs. 7 per cwt., and Rapeseed finds few buyers, the quotations for Gujarat being still Rs. 6·6 to Rs. 6·8 per cwt. Gingelly continues in active demand at hardening rates, notwithstanding the advance in freights and exchange, and purchases of Ready White have been made at Rs. 44½ and of Mixed for 2 months' delivery at Rs. 43 per candy.

Freights are firm but not quite so active. For Liverpool the current quotation is 30s. per ton for measurement. For Marseilles and Genoa there is still a good enquiry at 35s.; but Trieste and Venice remains unchanged at 34s. 9d. ready, and 30s. for January shipment, payable here.

Piece Goods.—In Grey Goods there has been a moderate business done from first hands at about previous prices, and fair transactions are also reported to arrive at sterling rates, the advance in Exchange inducing dealers to go on buying. Bleached goods are quiet, but considerable sales of Turkey Red Cambrics are reported at comparatively full rates. Local goods are unchanged in value, but Yarns are firm and tending upwards.

Coals continue very firm, and an active demand prevails for ready parcels at rather higher prices, although for distant arrivals the demand is slack. Sales are reported of Laird's Welsh Hartley at Rs. 21 alongside and of Watson's artley at Rs. 21½ on the bunder.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Banks	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	160,000	100	all	6 p.ct	125
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	730
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 do	663
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	650
National Bank of India.	37,320	625	£12-10	6 do	109

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New)..	4,000	1,000	all	15 ps*	825
Free Land and Pier Co., Limited	7,500	150		4 p. a.	11
Masagon Land	1,750	2 000	1,000	20 p. a	320
Port Canning Land Company, Limited ..	6,000	1,400		15 p. a	180

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20 218*	3·0 5 p. ct	302
Do. New £20 Shares	..	£20 13·9	14·6 do	26
Ditto	..	£20 6·5	7·3 do	72
Ditto	..	£20 21·13	1 do	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	2,100	1,000	do	1,101
Do. New Shares.	..	£18 19·6	5·15 do	365

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co...	150	5,000	28,500	150 p.a.		875
Albert Kurrachee Co...	300	2,000	1,100	125 do		310 xd.
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	40		500
Apollo Press Co.	750	2,750	2,200	22 p.a.		615
Bellary	175	1,000	all	25		470
Borar Company (New).	155	500	all	50 p.a.		415
Indian Press Co.	1,000	350	all	14 do		85
Broach Cotton Co	400	500	all	10 do		96
Carwar Co.	1,000	1,500	all	75 do		50 nl
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	all	30 do		360
Dhollera P. & G. Co...	800	500	all	15 do		195
East India Press Co...	333	1,000	all	100 do		900
Port Press Co	50	5,000	1,250	50 do		975
French Press Co.	300	500	all	50 do		425
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.	1,125	400	all	30 do		217½
Prince of W. Press	120	..	1,500	250 do		165
Sassoon's Press Co.	600	400	all	25 do		200
Sind Press Co.	400	850	750	50 do		400 xd.
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld.	100	1,000	925	125 do		1,200
Victoria Cotton Ginning and Press Co	150	850	all	59½		500
Vulkari's United Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	50 p.a.		520 xd.

* Per Share for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alfred Manufacturing Co.	1,000	500	all	Rs. 15		405
Alliance Spinning	500	2,500	all	30 p. a.		1,300
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	80,000	100	100	Nil		58
Bhowanggur M. and P. Company	300	2,000	2,000	do		200
Bombay United	800	1,000	all	do		25
Coorla S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do		660
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	all	do		550
Dhurumsey Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	do		215
Empress S. and W. Co.	750	500	all	do		375
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	60		800
Hin ustan S. & W. Co.	877	1,000	all	60		860
Hydraulic and W. Co.	750	1,000	2 00	Nil		425
Jeevraj Balloo Mills	750	1,000	all	do		620
Khandesh Spinning	750	1,000	all	Rs. 20		870
Muccadam S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do		5 0
Madhavji Spinning and Weaving Co.	800	1,250	all	do		330
Madras S. Spinning	42	1,000	all	50 p.a*		1,175
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co	80,000	50	50	Nil		7
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	20 p.a*		1,040
Morarjee Spinning	1,800	1,000	all	Nil		910
Masgon S. and W. Co.	2,000	5,000	..	do		80 xd.
National S. and W. Co. of India	950	1,000	all	do		710
Oriental	4,000	625	all	15		560
Prince of Wales Spinning	600	1,250	all	Nil		88
Ravji Sadasoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	all	do		525
Soonderdas Spinning	656	1,000	all	do		580
Do do. ½ Share.	500	1,000	250	do		120
Shotapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	do		740
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	all	Nil		475

*For Share for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	Nil	nom na
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	2,250	415	all	do	
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company	2,000	500	all	do	
Broach Mills	..	..	..	do	
Colaba S. and W. Co.	900	1,000	all	do	
Fleming S. and W. Co.	3,750	500	all	do	
Mandvie S. and W. Co.	1,200	500	all	do	
Merlied S. and W. Co.	..	..	..	..	
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	600	2,000	all	do	
Muraey S. and W. Co...	2,500	400	all	do	

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The ship Scottish Chieftain, 1,398 tons, Captain John Hamilton, will sail to-day for San Francisco, with a general cargo.

The s. s. Pearl, 366 tons, Captain E. C. Raffin, will sail to-day for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo, and 162 deck passengers.

The barque Rasedale, 459 tons, Captain G. Mickle, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius (18th September), with seven deck passengers and 9,148 bags sugar.

The ship Cyprus, 915 tons, Captain W. Peterson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (5th June), with a cargo of 1,536 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

The ship Beaun Uamba, 1,389 tons, Captain M. R. Thomson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (3rd July), with a cargo of 1,930 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

The ship G. F. Manson, 1,379 tons, Captain C. H. Humphrey, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (26th June), with a cargo of 1,913 tons coals. The vessels is consigned to Messrs. Manuckjee and Co.

The B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. Khandalla, 1,318 tons, Captain Mann, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Captain Dum, and 99 deck passengers.

The s.s. Arrow, 130 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, arrived in harbour on the 27th instant, from Jamnuggur, with a general cargo, and Major Wodehouse, and 137 deck passengers. She will sail to-day for same port with 150 passengers.

The Hall Line s.s. Speke Hall, 1 730 tons, Captain W. Brand, sailed yesterday for Liverpool, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr. E. S. Lang, Mrs. Lang and two children, Surg. Major and Mrs. Bateman and two children, and Mrs Masters and one Miss Bateman, and Mr. J. O. Macdonald. The same Co's s. s. Branksome Hall, 1,347 tons, Captain R. Collin, sailed yesterday for Kurrachee, with a general cargo.

DEPARTURE INDIAN GOVERNMENT S. S. PATRICK STEWART.

The I. G. s. s. Patrick Stewart, 1,115 tons, Captain E. Bishop, sailed yesterday for Kurrachee, with Commissariat stores, and the following officers and men:—Captain and Mrs Leckie and two children, Lieut. Moore R.A., Lieut. Jones, and Lieut. Lawford, 1-t Light Cavalry, and 6 men 1st Granadiers N. I., 20 men 9th Regt. N. I., and 6 rank and file, and 4 horses.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA MAIL.

The P. and O. Co's s. s. Thibet, 1,671 tons, Captain J. H. Torbock, sailed yesterday for China with China Mail, 2,511½ chests opium, and general cargo and the following passengers:—For Shanghai.—Mr. R. Moses, and Mr. G. Issac and 2 servants. For Singapore.—Mr. Joseph Gray. For Galle.—Major Wodehouse.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
27	Arrow (s)	Baker	Jamnuggur, Oct 25.
28	Baun Uamba	Thompson	Liverpool, July 3.
	Cyprus	Peterson	Liverpool, June 5.
	Rosedale	Mickle	Mauritius, Sept 18.
	H. M. S. Crocodile	Doughty	Cape Town, Oct 4.
	G. F. Manson	Humphrey	Liverpool, June 26.
	Khandalla (s)	Mann	Calcutta, Oct 3.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
28	Dewa Gungadhur	Fish	Calcutta.
	Scottish Bord	Hutchison	Calcutta.
	Thibet (s)	Torbock	China.
	Speke Hall (s)	Brand	Liverpool.
	Branksome Hall (s).	Collins	Kurrachee.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Pearl, Raffin, to Coast and Cutch.
Steamer Arrow, Baker, to Coast and Cutch.
Ship Scottish Chiefton, Hamilton, San Francisco.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Lorne, to Jeddah.
Steamer Bhownuggur to Bhownuggur.

DAILY EXPORTS.—October 28.

For Liverpool.

Speke Hall s—11 bales rags, Nursee Khuttow, 24 bales cotton waste and 12 bales cotton, Tockursee Jewrai; 20 bales cotton, Bhunsee Nursee; 100 bales cotton, 75 cwt linseed, and 100 bags wheat, W. and A. Graham and Co.; 60 bales wool, Pestonjee Dorabjee; 21 cwts coir yarn, Treecomdass Lowjee. Branksome Hall s—385 bags wheat, W and A Graham and Co.

For Marseilles.

Sumatra s—300 cwt gingellyseed, Ralli Brothers.

For Genoa.

Sumatra s—100 bales cotton and 60¼ cwt gingellyseed, Peel, Cassels and Co; 90 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Brothers.

For Naples.

Sumatra s—50 bales cotton, Knoop and Co.

For Hongkong.

Thibet s—31 chests opium, N J Abraham; 96 chests opium, E D Sassoon; 2 chests opium, Nopchund Nowrungroy; 7 chests M opium, Tarrachund Gunshamdass; 4 chests opium; Tata and Co.

For Shanghai.

Thibet s—30 chests opium, Currumbhoy Ebram; 19 chests opium, S. E Sassoon; 19½ chests opium, Jaersa Peerbhoy; 10 chests M opium, Isaac Sallay Sassoon; 10 chests opium, Komrun Champaram; 17½ chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 11 chests opium, Curseedjee Bomanjee and Co; 19 chests opium, M S Gubbay and Co; 35 chests opium, Rampurtub Hurbelas; 45½ chests opium, Tata and Co; 2 chests opium, Shreekison Gopinath; 1½ chests opium, Tarrachund Luckmenarron; 22 chests opium, Gooljee Shungaree.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 27th October 1879.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 a.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·787
Temperature of the Air	79·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	72·1
Dew Point	69·0
Relative humidity of Air	·719
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =1)	2·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	86·8
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	72·8
General Direction of Wind	ESE, E, ENE, NE, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	250

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—October 25.

Leckie, Capt, 8th By N I, on duty, from Satara.

October 26.

Larminie, Captain, R E, on duty, from Kirkee.
Davidson, Lieut, R E, on duty, from Kirkee.
Moon, Lieut, Comt Dept, on duty, from Poona.
Macausland, Lieut, 45th Sikh Regt on leave, from Murrie.

October 27.

Bateman, Surg Major, on leave, from Saugor.
Gordo, Surg, on leave, from Poona.
Rant, Riding Master, 3rd Hussars, on duty, from Mhow.
Wodehouse, Major, Pol. Dept, on leave, from Kattywar.
Loughton, Major, Staff Corps, on leave, from Akola.
Swenlow, Major, R E, on duty, from Kolapore.
Sandeman, Lciut, 70th Highlanders, on leave, from Poona.
Dunlop, Captain, 67th Regt, on leave, from Koorum.

October 28.

Fuller, Lieut, R E, on duty, from Ahmedabad.
Strong, Major, 20th Bombay N I, on leave, from Baroda.
Thorp, Dy Surg Genl, on retirement, from Meerut.

CENTRAL PROVINCES ORDERS.

(*Central Provinces Gazette*, Oct. 25.)

Surgeon Leckler, Officiating Superintendent, Central Jail, Nagpur, has returned from the privilege leave granted him and received charge of the Central Jail and of the Meteorological Observatory.

Six month's leave of absence is granted to Venkat Rao, Tahsildar of Drug, in the Raipur District.

One month's privilege leave of absence is granted to Mr Hogan, Assistant to Civil Surgeon, Nagpur

Three months' privilege leave of absence is granted to Mr Strambrough, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Raipur.

One month's privilege leave of absence is granted to Mr Berril, District Superintendent of Police, Nimar.

Mr Garlab, Inspector of Police, is apointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Nimar.

Surgeon Bonnell, Civil Surgeon, posted to the Wardha district, has received charge of the Jail and of the Civil Medical duties of the district.

Mr Lamy, C S, Assistant Commissioner, Betul, on return from privilege leave is posted to the Raipur district.

Nagpur Divison, Public Works Department, will be abolished from the 1st proximo, and under a re-distribution of Division and Sub-Divisions, will be merged into the Kanhan Division.

Mr Thomson, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade has reported his arrival at Nagpur, and resumed charge of his duties as Assistant to Chief Engineer and Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, P W Department.

Mr Johnstone, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, has surrendered, and Hon L M St Clair, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, has assumed charge of the Nagpur Division.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head-Quarters, Simla, October 20.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

4th Bengal Cavalry—Lieut Montresor, Staff Corps, (on furlough,) supernumerary on the establishment 7th Bengal Cavalry, to be Squadron Officer, vice Havenc, seconded on appointment as Adjutant General of Militia.

5th Bengal Cavalry—Lieut Garstin, Staff Corps, supernumerary on the establishment 9th Bengal Cavalry, to be Squadron Officer, vice Kinloch, killed in active service.

6th Bengal Cavalry—Major Jennings, Squadron Commander, to be 2nd in Command, vice Baker, deceased.

Major Kauntze, Squadron Commander, to move up in grade succession.

Captain Fletcher, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander, vice Kauntze.

28th N I—Surgeon Macrae, officiating in medical charge of the 2nd Goorkhas, to the medical charge of the resiment, vice Surgeon Hreckell, invalided from the service.

Surgeon Macrae will continue with the 2nd Goorkha regiment till further orders.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, the undermentioned officers are permitted to exchange to the battalions specified, 6th Foot—2nd Lieut Cockburn, 1st Battalion; 2nd Lieut Mockler, 3rd Battalion.

Lieut Wood, 8th Hussars, is attached to the 13th Bengal Lancers, as a temporary measure, and during the time the regiment may be on field service.

Lieut Western, Royal Horse Artillery, is directed to proceed from Simla to Bangalore, and join B Battery B Brigade Royal Horse Artillery, from which he has been permitted to exchange.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

10th Hussars—Major Wood, to England, to appear before a medical board.

Royal Artillery—Lieut Col Newbolt, (9th Brigade,) to England, to appear before a medical board.

Lieut Fanshawe, (No 1 Battery 4th Brigade,) to Dharmsala, from the 4th September to the 15th November, on medical certificate.

Lieut Fanshawe, (C Battery 4th Brigade,) to England, to appear before a medical board.

Lieut Adye, (No 13 Battery 8th Brigade,) to England, to appear before a medical board.

1-17th Foot—Captain (Local Major) Brind, to England, to appear before a medical board.

65th Foot—Lieut Broke, to England, to appear before a medical board, in extension of the leave granted to him by the general officer commanding Allahabad division.

68th Foot—Captain Conran, to remain in Australia, from the 3rd January 1880 to date of retirement from the service.

92nd Foot—Quartermaster Bignell, to England, to appear before a medical board.

Staff Corps—Colonel Shaw, (doing duty at Lucknow,) to remain at Simla, for one month, from 15th October, on private affairs.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, O tober 25.)

Mr Prunty, Assistant Surveyor, 4th Grade, is granted privilege leave for one month.

Mr Ledger, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, has reported his arrival at Etawa to join this Survey.

Mr Braham, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade (temporary rank), has been relieved of his duties on this Survey.

Lieut Olivier, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade (temporary rank), has returned from military duty and assumed executive charge of the Pisheen Division of Public Works in Biluchistan and the Assigned Districts.

Mr Wright, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), 1st Grade, and Officiating Superintending Engineer, Sirhind Command, to the Punjab Provincial Branch, Lieut-Col Ward, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, will take charge of the Sirhind Command in addition to his present duties.

Col Dansey, Barrack Master, has been relieved of his duties in the Military Works Branch.

Captain Hill, Executive Engineer, Dalhousie Division, Military Works, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Military Department, has made over, and Mr Learmouth, Assistant Engineer, has received, charge of the Dalhousie Division, Military Works.

Major Grierson has made over, and Mr Macdonald has received charge of the Office of Examiner of Accounts, Western Rajputana Railway.

Mr Kemp, Officiating Storekeeper, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the Sindia to the Punjab Northern State Railway, Pindi-Kohat Section.

Mr Johnson, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, is, on return from furlough, posted to the Punjab Northern Railway, Pindi Junction to Peshawar Section.

Mr Brown, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the Rajputana to the Punjab Northern Railway, Open Line.

With the approval of Government of India, the Western System, River Conservancy Division, is abolished as an independent charge, with effect from the 1st October and the following arrangement has been sanctioned instead:—

Under the Engineer-in-Chief, Indus Valley Railway, Sindh Sub-Division of the River Conservancy Division.

Under the Manager, Punjab Northern Railway, Punjab Sub-Division of the River Conservancy Division.

The undermentioned officers are posted to the Lines noted against their respective names:—

Mr Barron, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, to the Punjab Northern Railway, Pindi Junction to Peshawar Section.

Mr Williams, Apprentice Engineer, to the Punjab Northern Railway, Pindjito Kohat Section.

With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification, placing the works of the Salt Branch from Lalla Musa to Miani, Punjab Northern Railway, under the charge of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lahore, the under-mentioned Officers are transferred from the Punjab Northern Railway and placed under the orders of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lahore, for employment on the Salt Branch:—Mr Upcott, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade; Mr Barton, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade; and Baboo Rasick Lall Roy, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

The undermentioned Passed Students from the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, Assistant Engineers, 2nd Grade, are posted to the Lines noted against their respective names:—

Mr Woods—to the Indus Valley Railway.
Mr Chadwick—to the Indus Valley Railway.
Mr Prickett—to the Punjab Northern State Railway, Rattial to Pindi Section.
Mr Burt—to Rajputana State Railway.
Mr Lloyd—to Western Rajputana Railway, Southern Section.
Mr Fowler—to Bhopal Railway Survey.
Mr Egerton, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is posted to the Punjab Northern State Railway, Pindi Juction to Peshawar Section.

Mr Oddie, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the Neemuch-Nasirabad State Railway Survey to the Punjab Northern State Railway, Pindi Junction to Peshawar Section.

The undermentioned Officers are posted to the Sukkur-Dadur Railway:—

Mr Keelan, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade (temporary rank).
Mr Parry, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade (temporary rank).
Mr Hodges, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

Major Dowdon and Captain Bisset, R E, have respectively made over and assumed charge of the Office of Manager, Rajputana and Malwa State Railways.

Mr Galway, Superintendent of Way and Works, has been relieved of his duties, by Captain Bisset, Officiating Manager, who took charge of the Office of Superintendent of Way and Works in addition to his other duties and as temporary arrangement pending orders of the Government of India.

Mr Cremmelin, Professor in the superior Classes of State Railway, Revenue Establishment, has reported his arrival at Agra.

Mr Tanner, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade (temporary) has reported his departure from this Railway.

Mr Handcock, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade has made over, and Mr Dungerfield, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade (temporary) has received charge of the Sendra Division of this Railway.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail steamers of the P. & O. S. N. Company leave Bombay every *Monday* soon after 7 p.m.

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 5-30 p.m.

Newspapers, Books, and Patterns up to 4 p.m.

Registered Letters up to 3 p.m.

Registered Letters, if fully prepaid, together with an extra fee of two annas, will be received at the General Post Office between 3 and 4 p.m.

Late Letters, if fully prepaid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the *late letter fee* (two annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 5-30 to 6-30 p.m.

The latest hour for posting ordinary Overland covers at the several Branch Post Offices, will be 4 p.m., and registered letters at 2 p.m.

Fully prepaid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamer after 5 p.m., and up to starting time (7 p.m.) by the payment of an additional fee of four annas. All others will be refused.

POSTAGE BY THE BRINDISI ROUTE.

The Postage rates chargeable on Correspondence forwarded via Brindisi, to the United Kingdom, or Union countries served through the United Kingdom, are as follows:—

For the United Kingdom:

Each Letter per ½ ounce—annas 5.
Each Newspaper per 4 ounces—annas 2.
Each Pattern Packet or Printed Papers, per two ounces, 2 annas.

Covers not marked for any particular route will, as a general rule, be sent by the route which stands first in the Schedule except where there is quicker despatch by some other route of where the first route may require the compulsory prepayment of a higher rate of postage than has been prepaid or where the amount of postage paid may leave no doubt as to the route intended.

The postage chargeable per ½ ox. on letters sent to the Union countries mentioned below is as follows:—

Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, Egypt, Spain, United States of America, France, Greece, Italy, Luxemburg, Norway, Portugal, Roumania, Turkey....As. 3

CALENDAR FOR OCT. & NOV. 1879.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

Full Moon.....30th, 7h. 0. 8 m. a.m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
Oct.		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Wed. 29	.....	6 0	5 27	10 37 m 11 21 a	4 48 m 5 11 a
Th. 30	.....	6 1	5 27	11 7 m 11 5	5 22 m 5 21 a
Fri. 31	.....	6 1	5 26	11 87 m ..	5 54 m 5 51 a
Nov. 1	All Saints' Day.	6 2	5 25	0 24 m 0 6 a	6 24 m 6 31 a
Sun. 2	21st Sunday after Trinity.	6 2	5 25	0 58 m 0 35 a	6 68 m 6 51 a
Mon. 3	.....	6 3	5 25	1 31 m 1 6 a	7 31 m 7 23 a
Tues. 4	.....	6 3	5 24	2 8 m 1 43 a	8 8 m 8 2 a

MR. A. MENIST, OCULISTS' OPTICIAN, of AMSTERDAM and LONDON, has RESUMED his Professional visit to BOMBAY, and may be consulted at THE RAILWAY TERMINUS HOTEL, Rampart Row, Fort.

There is no necessity to enter into details regarding the quality of the Spectacles supplied by Mr. MENIST, as the superiority of his NON-PRISMATIC PEBBLES, and NON-PRESSURE EYEGLASSES, are well-known throughout the world.

12 lens Aluminium Binoculars, Binocular, measuring, and other Telescopes of superior quality.

Pamphlets containing numerous Testimonials may be had on application.

NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY should, on and after the 3rd November 1879, be sent to Government House, Malabar Point, Bombay, until further orders.

G. H. R. HART,
Acting Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

Government House, Gunesh Khind, Poona, 23rd October 1879.

All Money Orders, Cheques and other Remittances, sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1879.

With reference to the question of American cotton culture in Dharwar, to which we have lately drawn attention, we are glad to learn that a recent Government resolution lays down that an effort shall be made to restore the organization whereby for so many years that cotton was produced in the Southern Maratha Country with so much success, and that such efforts shall be continued until such time as the district is thoroughly opened up by means of railways. So far back as the latter end of 1877 His Excellency the Governor has had this question under close consideration, and in December of that year he issued a minute which laid down very clearly the requirements of the trade. During his visit to the Dharwar district in October, 1877, His Excellency had heard the matter much discussed, and he was reminded how, many years ago, the Bombay Government, with much trouble and some expense, introduced American cotton into the Southern Maratha Country. His Excellency pointed out that this important product was thereafter cultivated with considerable success, and that it constituted a speciality in the Southern Deccan. Furthermore, the Bombay Government arranged that sawgins should be set up among the villages in sufficient numbers, as without that machinery American cotton cannot be properly prepared for market. Trained officers were provided to repair and work the gins, while all expenses were voluntarily defrayed by the ryots who subscribed for the purpose. The Governor also pointed out that all this had continued more or less up to the present time, but that during recent years a decline in the culture of American cotton had set in, the quality had deteriorated, and if unchecked, that deterioration threatened to bring about the cessation of the culture altogether. Nevertheless the Governor became assured from enquiries instituted on the spot, that American cotton could be grown in Dharwar with profit to the cultivators and with benefit to the country at large. The only reasons assigned to him for the decline that had set in, were the same which we have already set forth. The sawgins were not preserved in proper working order, the mechanical officers not having been kept in employment and the people not having sufficient power of combination among themselves to maintain the organization that used to exist. After careful consideration the Governor came to the conclusion that the decadence of this culture was to be regretted, and, in bringing the matter before the notice of his colleagues, he expressed an opinion, in which they concurred, that an effort should be made to restore to Dharwar once more the organization that during the previous forty years had brought so much wealth into the country. Said His Excellency: "Seeing that the sawgins are again taken in hand "by competent officers, the ryots will doubtless "be willing to subscribe as they subscribed "before. They must raise the money for main- "taining the sawgins in good order if the thing "is to be done at all. The Collector might remind "them of all this for their own benefit as well "as for the good of the Southern Deccan; and "an indent might be sent to England for some "fresh New Orleans seed." Since the Minute from which we quote was written, and until the present time the Bombay Government have kept this question of American cotton culture well under notice, and recently, certain proposals which were submitted for the decision of Government in connection with the management of the cotton gin factories re-established in Dharwar, and for the establishment of technical schools in connection with these factories, formed the subject of a Government Resolution. In that Resolution, after reviewing the subject, His Excellency in Council found reason to conclude that defects of management exist in connection with the factories which are injurious to the success of the experiment which is being made. Chief among these defects appear to be the unsatisfactory arrangements for the collection of fees paid by the people for the repair of the gins, and the unwillingness of the ryots to submit their machinery for inspection. Supervising officers are, however, reminded that the provisions of the Cotton Frauds Act of 1878 may be usefully applied to the correction of those individuals, who, preferring their own interest to the prosperity of the trade, avoid the efficient machinery provided for them in order to make an immediate profit on deteriorated cotton. Government reiterates their decision that the Dharwar School of Industry is not to be reduced. On the contrary it should be utilized for the repair of all gins, the owners of which are within such reasonable distance as will permit of their availing themselves of the appliances. Steps should also be taken in the schools to train as many skilled artificers as possible for the work of repairing the gins in the more distant parts of the country. Government has also expressed its desire that the subject of technical schools should be kept entirely distinct from that of the repair of gins. The subscriptions are raised for the repair of gins, and it is very properly pointed out that the people who pay these subscriptions should have an immediate return for their money in improved machinery. The establishment of technical schools is therefore relegated to the Educational Department for the consideration of the Director of Public

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MR. ORMISTON OF BOMBAY.

LONDON, Oct. 28, 4-20 P.M.

Mr. Ormiston has been appointed to report upon the practicability of dredging the harbour and of making a breakwater at Famagusta, in the island of Cyprus.

KABUL.

CONVICTION OF THE RINGLEADERS OF THE ATTACK ON THE RESIDENCY.

KABUL, Oct. 22.

To-day five prisoners were convicted of complicity in the massacre by a commission presided over by General Massy. They will be hanged in the Bala Hissar to-morrow. There has been some difficulty in getting the city people to come forward in giving evidence, as they do not know how long we are likely to stay in Kabul, or what revenge the Afghans may afterwards take upon them. However, ample proof of the five men's guilt was obtained. The most important prisoner was Aslam Khan, Kotwal of Kabul, by whose orders the bodies of the guides were cast over the Bala Hissar wall into a ditch below.

On the evening of the 6th of October a proclamation was sent through the city in the Kotwal's name, calling upon all true Mahomedans to assemble at Charasiah to fight the British. He also gave Rs. 1,000 to bakers to cook food for the mutineers. He attempted a lame defence and admitted the proclamation, but said he acted under the orders of Sirdar Naib Mahomed, a prominent leader of the insurgents, who claimed to be the mouthpiece of the Amir who was then in the British camp.

Another prisoner, Aghir Khan Chowkidar Mundai, a brutal looking ruffian, was proved to have taken the head off the shoulders of Cavagnari's body as well as of other of the officers from the ruins at the Residency on the morning after the massacre, and to have carried them to the ridge between the Bala Hissar and the city. The plea urged by him was that he meant to keep the head until the British troops came; but, on reaching the ridge, the the Kotwal's people met him and he did not know what afterwards became of it.

The third prisoner, Sultan Azid Khan, son of Nawab Mahomed Azamalla, ex-governor of Khost, who commanded the enemy's right at Charasiah, is of Barakzai blood and a relation of the reigning family. He was most active in recruiting men for the battle of Charasiah, and was the ringleader in the movement in the city of October 5th. On the following day he had charge of the standard at Charasiah.

Khawaja Nazir, a leading moolah of Kabul, was the fourth prisoner. He preached a religious war against us and collected a body of fanatics and gave them a standard.

The last prisoner, Kaispuh, a former Afghan general, collected men in the Bala Hissar for the fight at Charasiah.

Another Afghan general with a wounded foot, has been captured at Kabul on the 20th.

Oct. 23.

The Kotwal and four prisoners were hanged to-day in the Bala Hissar. No demonstration took place; the bodies were burned on the spot.

News from the Shutargardan state that the Mangals and Ghilzais are dispersed. It is also stated that Allah-ud-din, brother of Badshahhan, has been wounded in fighting against us. We had made him Governor of Karatiga.

LAHORE, Oct. 28.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* publishes the following:—

The Kohina garrison is holding out and have repulsed continual attacks. They have provisions for 15 days.

Major Evans, with 150 men of the 43rd Regt., was to reach Samaguting yesterday and Kohina to-morrow.

There are five thousand bullocks at Jhelum, but food supplies are deficient, and prices are rapidly rising.

The railway block at Lahore station continues. The Commissariat at Jhelum receives two thousand tons of supplies daily, but the country round is nearly drained of food for cattle. Supplies for fodder and grain are much needed, and special sanitary precautions are required.

(LATEST FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 28.

General Gough made a reconnaissance on the 25th, two miles beyond the Surkhat river on the Jugdulluk road. The road is fit for guns up to Jugdulluk, but beyond that it is very bad. The telegraph line from Kabul towards Jellalabad was to be commenced on the 28th. The Shuturgurdan route is to be closed, some of the troops being sent back to Ali Kheyl and others advanced to Kabul.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DEPARTURE OF THE VICEROY FROM SIMLA.

SIMLA, Oct. 27.

Government offices will close here about the middle of November and open in Calcutta on the 1st of December. The Viceroy leaves Simla on the 20th or 22nd. He will stay a few days at Delhi on his way down and go to Ajmere, Sambhur Lake, Bhurtpore.

It is possible that the Gwalior will arrive in Calcutta about the 10th of December.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

SERVIA AND MONTENEGRO.

LONDON, Oct. 28.

Rumours are current of an offensive and defensive alliance having been concluded between Servia and Montenegro, in consequence of the menacing attitude of the Albanians.

Advices from Constantinople state that Midhat Pasha has withdrawn his resignation.

THE INDIAN MAILS.

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The Postmaster General has given his consent to the departure of the English Mails from Bombay every Saturday throughout the year.

OPENING OF THE PRUSSIAN PARLIAMENT.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.

At the opening of the Prussian Parliament yesterday no allusion was made to the foreign policy of the Government, but a new loan to cover the deficit was announced.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Oct. 27

The Bombay Mails of the 6th inst. via Brindisi were delivered in London to-day.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats strong.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.	
Fair Dhollera	5½
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79¾
4½ per cent. do.	86½
3 per cent. Consols for account	97⅞
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872.....	117½
Bar Silver.....	53

The sum of about £175,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for Germany and the sum of £175,000 for North America.

STEAMER REPORT.

MADRAS, 28TH, 9-4 a. m.

Manila mail leaves Hongkong, Thursday.

In another column we publish the text of a petition which has been presented by a large number of the natives of Bombay to Sir Frank Souter, Kt., C. S. I., Commissioner of Police, in which it is craved that the permission to conduct the festivities in connection with the Dewali Holidays, as they have been conducted from time immemorial, may not be withdrawn. The discharge of fireworks has long been one of the principal features of these holidays; and on learning that this mode of giving expression to the exuberance of their feelings was to be refused them, nothing was more natural than that they should take the course open to Hindoo and European alike—petition to have the restriction withdrawn. There is one day in the year when Englishmen at home take the same means of showing their regard for the three estates of the realm—King, Lords, and Commons—and of their detestation of everything treacherous—Guy Faux's day. Every 4th of November the air of England, and especially of London, is redolent of nothing but gunpowder, and after sunset bonfires are to be seen in all quarters, while the buz and explosion of Catherine wheels, Roman candles, sky rockets, and all the other paraphernalia of the fireworks manufacturer are more than deafening. Of course the discharge of these is not allowed on the public thoroughfare, as such permission in the busy streets of London would be fraught with considerable danger; but, as every Englishman knows, it is freely permitted in any of the bye-ways or in private ground. This is all that the Hindus of Bombay ask to be permitted to do; and as they attach even more significance to the discharge of these fireworks during the Dewali Holidays than Englishmen do even on Guy Faux's day, we hope Sir Frank Souter may see his way to grant them this permission.

A very sad accident has occurred at Poona, resulting in the death of Mrs. Bayley, wife of Mr. Bayley, Pensioned Superintendent of Police, Bombay, who, with his family, recently settled in Poona. From the evidence led at the inquest on Monday afternoon it seems that Mrs. Bayley feeling unwell, mixed and swallowed a powder from the medicine chest, which she believed at the time to consist of quinine, but which in reality, as was subsequently discovered, was strichnine. The jurors on the police inquest found no marks of violence on her person, and the medical evidence went to show that her death was purely accidental.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has been authorized by Her Majesty to consecrate the Rev. John Martindale Speechly, A. M., to be Bishop of the Church of England in Travancore and Cochin.

By a recent mail the Secretary of State transmitted to the Government of India letters from Dr. Henry MacCormac, advocating the use of dilute sulphuric acid as a prophylactic in case of an outbreak of cholera, with a request that measures may be taken for bringing the specific under the notice of the medical officers, civil and military, in India. Dr. MacCormac is the Consulting Physician to the Belfast Royal Hospital.

Dr. Theodore Posewitz, an Austro-Hungarian geologist, is about to pay a visit to India for the purpose of geological research.

It appears that the first notice given at St. Petersburg of the death of General Lazareff was the reproduction in the Russian papers of the telegram published in the London *Daily News*.

General Turgukasoff, who was appointed to succeed the late General Lazareff in the command of the Russian Expedition beyond the Caspian, is reported to be an energetic and able military leader. During the Russo-Turkish war he commanded a corps in Asia Minor. Previous to his present appointment he was General of the division of Grenadiers of the Caucasus. He distinguished himself during the Turkish war, was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-General, and received the third-class of the Order of St. George. He is about 60 years of age, is an Armenian by birth, and has been already 42 years in the Russian Army.

In the spring of the year, the Deb Raja of Bhootan retired voluntarily from his office and was succeeded by one of his principal officers of state, a Jungpen, by name Zangloo. This officer was once Soobah of Buxa years ago and was Jungpen for 5 years before succeeding to the *gadi*. Before being Jungpen to the Deb Raja, he was Jungpen to the Dhurma Raja. (In Bhutan the Deb Raja is the real Governor of the country; the Dharma Raja confining himself to spiritual matters.) His age is about 50 years, and he is a nephew to one of the former Deb Rajas. The word Jungpen is translated as *Rurra Dewan* of the *Deb* Raja, and he is one of the council of permanent ministers. His name as now Deb Raja is Shujeh Jain.

A batch of some thirty trained elephants will leave Dakka on the 1st of November next for Barrackpore, whence, after a few days' rest, they are to be distributed to the several commissariat depots in the Central Circle.

The ceremony of installing the young Nawab of Bhawalpur, will be performed by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab at Bhawalpur, on the 28th of November next.

Captain M. E. Elliot, of the 65th Foot, has been gazetted Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; the services of Lieutenant G. U. Browne having been placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

It is understood that Sir Robert Egerton, on leaving Simla early next month, will pay a short visit to the States of Patiala and Nabha, and also take a flying trip to the head works of the Rupar Canal on his way to Lahore, which he will probably reach about the 8th of November.

On the Northern State Railway a serious block of traffic has occurred; but when we consider that from the various lines which converge upon Lahore supplies of all kinds have been pouring forward, all destined to flow on to the front alone, the State line to Jhelum, the state of matters is hardly surprising. The grievous element in the case is that many of the trains that have been blocked have been cattle trains; the poor animals on board of which have been left for days without food or water.

It is reported from Simla that several regiments of native infantry will be made into Pioneer corps. To effect this, most of the weakly men, not able to handle a spade, must be drafted to other regiments.

Colonel Willes, the Commissary-General, is *en route* to Jhelum from Simla. The purpose of his journey is to adopt measures for clearing off the serious block of transport animals and military stores at Jhelum. The parks at that station are crammed with thousands of animals, the continued block of which is by no means a bad guarantee for the outbreak of a lively epidemic. And all this is owing to the miserably deficient equipment of the P. N. State Railway. This serious obstruction of traffic says little for State management. Eight engines, lent by the Oude and Rohilcund Railway, arrived at Lahore last Monday, and ten have been contributed by the E. I. line, five by the G. I. P., seven by the S. P. and D, and three by the Indus Valley Railway. If all these engines arrive promptly, the block may be removed in a week or ten days. At the beinning of the week there was a block of some five hundred wagons at Lahore.

There is so much of historical interest attaching to the fortress which guards Kabul—an interest which has been intensified by recent events—that the following description of the interior from a correspondent with General Roberts army may be read with interest:—The Bala Hissar once entered, one comes upon the usual narrow winding lanes and commonplace mud buildings of all Eastern cities. The place looks filthy and uncared for, and the doorways leading to the courts of the tumble-down houses give a view of squalor and dilapidation suggestive of worse to follow. The few shops are miserable specimens of their kind, and their owners are in keeping with the general associations of the place. There is nothing better to describe than dust, dirt, and dreariness, on every hand; and even the small square, where a few guns were parked in front of a dozen dirty tents used by the gunners, gave as little idea of the interior of a fortress as a few grains of sand would of a desert. On returning and entering a narrow lane with a high wall on the right, shutting in the Amir's garden, the stables were seen, in which the horses of the Royal household were tethered in the open air, rude bins being made in the mud-walls on a pattern which is common where Afghan cavalry are quartered. The lane led to the high ground on which the buildings assigned to Sir Louis Cavagnari and his companions stood.

A correspondent writing from Krishnagar says:—The cutting of the Doorga Poojah holidays from the next year has cast a gloom over the Government servants all over the country. With a heavy heart at the sad outlook, the local officers have gone to their hearths and firesides to brood over their misfortune during the holidays, not so much to enjoy them.

Major-General R. O. Bright, C.B., and staff, left Lundi Kotal a few days ago for Dakka, whence he was expected to move to Basawal. It was intended that a halt should be made there until the completion of the telegraph line to Jallalabad.

On the 14th instant the headquarters wing of the 30th Madras Native Infantry from Rajanpore, under the command of Colonel Georges, marched into Vitakri. On the morning of the 19th, a detachment of 130 sabres of the 15th Bengal Cavalry under Lieutenant-Colonel Musgrave, also arrived from Dera Ghazi Khan. Colonel Georges is now in command of the troops at Vitakri, having relieved Colonel Prendergast, who has proceeded to Dera Ghazi Khan, in charge of all the sickly men and invalids of the different regiments at the station. These amount to about 400 sowars and sepoys all told, and are living witnesses of the havoc which a seven months' residence in the Ligari Barkhan Valley has created in the Vitakri field force.

A wing of the 13th Madras Regiment are on their way to relieve the 21st Madras Native Infantry at Vitakri, who return to Mooltan. This latter regiment have been severe sufferers since they came to Vitakri; nearly two-thirds of their number are now in hospital. The Committee, which has been appointed to look out for a more healthy site for a standing camp than the present one, have unfortunately failed to discover any suitable locality in the plain. Such a spot might perhaps be found in the high lands near Fort Munro, or, if that is considered too distant from the Hann pass, the neighbourhood of Hadji-kot in the Khetran Valley might be searched. At any rate, there can be no denying the fact that to build a cantonment anywhere in the Vitakri plain, after the melancholy experience of the past hot weather, would be an act of extreme rashness.

The present aspect of the interior of the British Residency at Kabul is thus graphically described by a correspondent:—"Passing through a narrow gateway, half blocked with rubbish, we entered the main court of the Residency, and were soon well able to appreciate the fate of its defenders. The southern end on our right hand was standing untouched, and consisted of rooms built on wooden pillars, so as to form a kind of oblong pavilion. The mud basement is three or four feet from the ground, and the whole structure, except a few partition walls and the roof, is of wood, and, from the dryness of the climate, very inflammable. It is neatly whitewashed, and the upper rooms, being open on both sides, must be cool and pleasant. Those were Sir Louis Cavagnari's quarters, and from there a good view of the rich Kabul plain beneath can be seen. The courtyard of the Residency is about 90 feet square, and at its northern end, where formerly stood a three-storied building, is nothing but the bare walls, blacked and scarred by fire, and a huge heap of rubbish, the ruins of the walls and roof, which fell in as the woodwork was destroyed. Portions of the partition walls still remain, jutting sullenly out from the mass of *débris*, and these only serve to make the place more desolate. The whitewashed walls on the left are here and there bespattered with blood, and on the raised basement on which the building stood are the remains of a large fire, the half-charred beams still resting among the ashes. Whether, as suggested, any bodies were burned there, is still an unsettled point; but in one room into which I went there can be no doubt fire had been used for such a purpose. The ashes were in the middle of the chamber, and near them were two skulls and a heap of human bones, still fetid. It would seem as if a desperate struggle had taken place in this room, the blood stains on the floor and walls being clearly discernible. The skulls are to be examined by surgeons, as it is possible they may be those of Europeans. The Residency was looted so thoroughly, that not even a peg has been left in the walls. In Sir Louis Cavagnari's quarters the windows overlooking the Bala Hissar wall have been torn out even to the sashes, and a few bits of glass on the floor alone remain of them. The chintz hangings and purdahs have been stripped away, a flattering bit of coloured rag on a stray nail being the only sign of such cheerfulness as these once gave. Bare cross poles and rafters, floors rough with dirt and defiled with filth, staring white walls with here and there a bullet-mark—such are the once comfortable quarters of our Envoy. The view over the Kabul plain is still as peaceful as when poor Jenkyns described it so enthusiastically; but all else is changed. The one consolation is that a British army is encamped within gunshot of the walls."

A correspondent, writing from Secunderabad, says that they are still troubled with dacoities in the neighbourhood.

The Agri-Horticultural Society of Simla have been endeavouring for some months past to secure an estate called "Blessington," with a view to converting it into flower gardens and lawns for tennis courts, &c. The Society have now sent round notices announcing to the public that they have secured a lease of the estate, and hope by the commencement of next season to open to subscribers a large lawn for six or eight lawn-tennis courts. The work is estimated to cost Rs. 3,000, and donations are invited from the residents to meet this outlay, in addition to the annual subscription of Rs. 10.

At a meeting held in Ootacamund lately, it was resolved to hold a "Sky Meeting on the Manantoddy course in February 1880. Stewards and a secretary were elected, and the Honorary Secretary stated that subscriptions amounting to Rs. 4,000 had been promised. The racing will embrace both legitimate and cross country events, and will extend over three days. The last meeting held on this very pretty course was in February, 1871."

M. Tricon, the French Consul in Egypt, has been appointed, according to the Paris papers, to be French Ambassador to Persia.

For nearly a quarter of a century, says the *Bengal Times* of the 22nd inst., our office establishment has been granted a week's holiday during the Doorga Poojah. This year the same invariable custom will be observed. There will consequently be no issue of the *Bengal Times* till next Saturday week, the 1st proximo.

The tiger at Seegoor has not yet been bagged, says the Ooty paper. A day or two since, as two natives were journeying towards Gaonmund, the tiger sprung into the road just in front of them. The natives were rooted to the spot with terror; but the tiger, taking not the slightest notice of them, passed on. The annimal ought to be accounted for by some of the local sportsmen.

The medical officers of the 21st and 30th Regiments, Madras Native Infantry, which are now serving on the frontier, report the prevalence of scurvy among the men. Several deaths have been recorded; and the cause of the disease is attributed to the sameness of rations.

On the 2nd instant, the Buenos Ayres, the largest steel vessel in the world, was launched from the ship-building yard of Messrs. William Denny and Brothers, at Dumbarton. She is specially built to order of Messrs. James and Alexander Allen, of Glasgow. Her length between perpendiculars is 385 feet, breadth 42 feet, and depth 34 feet 2 inches; gross tonnage, 4,040 tons. She is built to highest class Al, Lloyds. Her engines are 500-horse power, and her boilers are the largest steel boilers ever made. The Buenos Ayres is intended for the development of the River Plate and Canada. It is noteworthy that up to the present time no attempt has been made to construct a steamer at all approaching the dimensions of this one of steel, and her future movements will be watched with interest by those concerned in the mercantile shipping of this country.

When the terrible news of the massacre of our Embassy came from Kabul, the English papers, with one accord, declared that the victims had sustained the reputation of Englishmen for courage in the face of danger; the language, with the exception of the word "Englishmen," being varied in each case, of course, but the sentiment being the same. Now, it so happens that not one of the Europeans who fell in the massacre was an Englishman. Major Cavagnari was a Frenchman; he had not a drop of Saxon blood in his veins; he was only an "Englishman" by naturalisation. Mr. Jenkins and Lieutenant Hamilton were both Scotchmen—the former from Aberdeen and the latter from Berwick. Dr. Kelly was an Irishman; and all the other members of the Embassy and escort were Hindus!

The Italian Government is about to construct a large observatory on Mount Etna, which will be fitted for seismological as well as for meteorological and astronomical observations. A site has been selected at a height of 9,625ft. above the level of the sea, near the Casa degl' Inglesi, so called from a building erected there in 1811, by the English during their occupation of Sicily. The purity of the atmosphere is so great at this elevation that the planets can be observed with the naked eye almost as well as with telescopes of low power through the thick atmosphere of towns. Venus, when shining alone in the heavens, casts a distinct shadow. This will be the second loftiest observatory in the world, the Lofthut States signal station, at Pick's Peak, in Colorado, at an elevation of 14,335ft. being the loftiest station, and, indeed, the loftiest inhabited building of any kind in the world.

Saboat, says the *Court Journal*, are to be fashionable this year. Some are made in ebony and dark brown woods which promise well. They will, of course, only be used in the morning, and on the shore, and will be frequently worn without stockings at the seaside. A tiny white, well-shaped foot in an ebony *sabot* is wonderfully fetching. The idea is naturally French. Some of the *sabots* have the monogram of the wearer delicately wrought in silver on the instep.

One of the most distressing of the many painful sights in England at the present moment is that presented by the mushroom town of Middlesborough, which was the creation of one or two of the great iron masters. The whole town seems reduced to pauperism, and the other day, on its being intimated that 150 men were needed to go to Aylsham, in Norfolk, sunrise found 2,000 men clamouring around the offices, and some of these unfortunates have, it is said, once held high and honourable station in the town. On the same day some thousands of unemployed workmen demonstrated on Sunderland Moor, and passed a resolution affirming that it was the duty of Government either to provide work for the unemployed in England by opening up useful public works or to afford means to enable them to emigrate to countries where they would be able to provide for themselves and their families. Resolutions of a similar character are being adopted at the various meetings of the unemployed throughout the country. At Glasgow some thousands of working class electors have been struck off the register as voters, because they have been disqualified by reason of receiving temporary relief. The local authorities have established relief works, but the men have positively been for more wages, and, in "demonstrating" in processions about the streets of the city.

BOMBAY.

The Royal Fusiliers at the Bandstand.—The following programme of music will be played by the Band of the Royal Fusiliers at the Bandstand this evening:—

March.....	Distant Greeting..... Doring.
Overture.....	Bohemian Girl..... Balfe.
Quadrille	Carved Garden..... Coote.
Selection.....	Marchand de Venezia..... Pinsuti.
Valse	Cagliostro ..... Strauss.
Galop (vocal)	Echoes of the Past ..... Byers.

The height of water in the Tulsi Lake up to 6 a. m. of Sunday, the 26th instant, was 43·80.

The amount of cash held in the reserve treasury of the Government of India on October 18, was Rs. 3,16,80,422-8-8.

Assault.—Joao V. Miranda was yesterday fined Rs. 10 by Mr. C. P. Cooper, for assaulting Manuel Fernandes on the 24th instant.

Cheating.—Hajee Kavel Kalsek was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of cheating and thereby dishonestly inducing one Ajim Jalla to deliver to him (prisoner) Rs. 2 under a false representation. He was fined Rs. 10.

Drowned.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Chinchpokly on view of the body of Babajee Narojee, who was accidentally drowned in a well in that neighbourhood. A verdict of accidental death by drowning was recorded.

Housebreaking and Theft.—Shivram Luximon and Antone Silva were yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of housebreaking and theft of property of the value of Rs. 126, belonging to Captain Vint. They were each sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Thefts.—Babool Somajee and Jumal Jewraz were yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan, of stealing five bundles of reeds, valued Rs. 5, the property of Somjee Manjee. Prisoner No. 1 was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment, and prisoner No. 2 to one month's similar imprisonment. Gubboo Manjee was also yesterday convicted by the same magistrate of stealing a carpet, valued Re. 1, belonging to Vazir Khan Mahomed, and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

The Traffic on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.—The decrease in goods traffic on the G. I. P. Railway for the week ending 18th October, 1879, was 97,521 maunds and in money Rs. 1,05,752. The quantities carried and the earnings compare with 1878 as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 18th Oct., 1879.	Week ending 19th Oct., 1878.	Increase.	Decrease.
COTTON—				
Weight	Mds 7,162	Mds 4,415	Mds 2,747	...
Amount	Rs. 7,780	Rs. 5,932	Rs. 18,48	...
WHEAT—				
Weight.....	Mds 38,794	Mds 25,575	Mds13,219	...
Amount.....	Rs. 21,992	Rs. 130,34	Rs. 8,888	...
OTHER FOOD GRAIN—				
Weight	Mds 1,14,856	Mds 2,39,080	...	..
Amount	Rs. 49,669	Rs. 1,83,149	...	..
LINSEED—				
Weight	Mds 424	...	...	..
Amount.....	Rs. 214	...	...	Ms 1,12,950
TEELSEED—				Rs. 1,29,727
Weight	Mds 8,740	...	...	..
Amount.....	Rs. 2,609	...	...	..
OTHER SEEDS—				
Weight ...	Mds 2,110	...	...	...
Amount...	Rs. 930	...	...	..
SUGAR AND JAGREE—				
Weight	Mds 6,139	...	...	...
Amount.....	Rs. 3,607	...	...	...
SALT—				
Weight	Mds 32,099	Mds 37,130	...	Mds 5,031
Amount.....	Rs. 15,463	Rs. 20,128	...	Rs. 4,665
OPIUM—				
Weight	Mds 936	Mds. 450	Mds 474	..
Amount.....	Rs. 2,882	Rs. 15,82	Rs. 1,280	..
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight	Mds 17,227	Mds 15,473	Mds 1,754	...
Amount	Rs. 25,405	Rs. 23,698	Rs. 1,707	...
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight	Mds1,61,413	Mds 1,65,332	Mds 2,266	...
Amount	Rs. 1,47,397	Rs. 1,37,067	Rs. 14,937	...
TOTAL—				
Weight	Mds3,89,934	Mds 4,87,455	...	Mds 97,521
Amount.....	Rs. 2,78,838	Rs. 3,84,590	..	Rs.1,05,752

* Included last year in "Grain and Seed"
† " " "General Goods."

LIST OF PASSENGERS BY S. S. SPEKE HALL.

The following is a list of passengers per s. s. Speke Hall, sailed last night for Liverpool:—

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Lang, one child and infant.	Three Masters Bateman, 2 children and a female servant.
Surgeon Major and Mrs. Bateman.	Mr. J. O. Macdonald.
Miss Bateman.	Mrs. Walker.
Miss Walker and European servant.	Mr. J. Hopkins.

ARRIVAL OF THE TROOPSHIP CROCODILE.

The Indian Troopship Crocodile, 4,173 tons, Captain F. P. Doughty, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 1st September, Simons Bay 4th October, Natal 7th, and Mauritius 13th. During the voyage she experienced very rough weather. There was one birth and one death on board. She passed French barque Olive Branch from South Shields. The Crocodile brought 33 officers, 3 ladies, and 9 children; and also 975 men, 28 women, and 41 children; and 9 horses. The following is the list of officers and their families:—

Brigadier Genl Sir G P Colley, K S I, C M G, 58th Regt.	2nd Lieut E H V Holdane
Lieut Col W Lambert	2nd Lieut F S H Richards
Bt Lieut Col A A Onon	2nd Lieut G W Trickleton
Major W L Dalrymple	Quarter Master and Mrs S Cousins and six children
Capt and Mrs C T W Penton and 1 child.	School Mistress M A Branigan,
Capt and Mrs F C Baldwin and two children	47th Lancers
Capt P D Jeffreys	Major S Boulderson
Capt J Curran	Capt E A Belford
Captain S Ackson	Capt Hon J P Bouverii
Lieut M G Moore	Lieut C E Swaine
Lieut D W Webb	Lieut G A Wood
Lieut C E Wynooll	Lieut C H Purvis
Lieut H B Mann	Lieut C B Herbert
Lieut J Wing	Lieut Hon L H D Fortescue
Lieut and Adjt and Mrs D J Hammond	2nd Lieut C J A Thomson
2nd Lieut A G G Elton	Vet Surg T Raymond
	Surg Major A Robinson
	Surg Major R Murphy

EXECUTION OF THE MAHIM MURDERERS.

Yesterday morning Gopal Luximon and Mahadeo Luximon, convicted at the last Bombay Criminal Sessions of the murder of Gunpatrao Appajee, head inspector of the Abkari Department at Mahim, expiated their crime on the scaffold. The murder for which the two men suffered, was by reason of the motives which led to it, and the cold blooded manner in which it was committed, of a brutal description, and it is to be hoped the execution of the two men yesterday will have a beneficial effect in putting a stop in the future to a description of crime unhappily too prevalent in India. The deceased man Gunputrao occupied the post of Abkari Inspector at Mahim, and whilst in that position he seems to have excited the displeasure of the *bhandaris* or toddy-drawers with whom his duties brought him in contact. For many months previous to his death a feeling hostile to him appears to have existed in the minds of the *bhandaris*, which now and again manifested itself in covert acts and expressions of hatred, which boded no good for the unfortunate man. The execution was fixed for half-past seven o'clock, and long before this time the open space in front of the gaol was densely crowded with an assemblage composed almost exclusively of natives, who seemed to take more than ordinary interest in the proceedings. The time for the execution having arrived, the governor of the Gaol (Captain Walsh), accompanied by the medical officer (Dr. Partridge) and other gaol officials, proceeded to the condemned cells. The prisoners were pinioned and brought outside into the courtyard, where Captain Walsh interpreted the death warrant to the two men. This ceremony over, they walked to the scaffold, which was erected in the usual place in front of the gaol, and having mounted the steps the man Gopal addressed the crowd, asserting that Gunpatrao was an oppressor of the people, and that he had been in the habit of receiving bribes. The caps having been adjusted the bolt was drawn, and the two men were launched into eternity. As they disappeared from sight a low murmur arose from the crowd which up to this time had been perfectly quiet. Gopal seemed to die almost instantaneously, but a severe convulsion of the limbs of the other man, standing over two or three minutes, denoted that the principle of life was more tenacious with him. The bodies, after hanging for a certain time, were cut down and handed by the jail authorities to the relatives of the two men. A large number of *bhandaris* attended and accompanied the funeral procession, but the strictest order prevailed, and there was no demonstration of any kind. A large force of European and native police was stationed in front of the scaffold, but their services were not required excepting to keep the crowd from pressing on the scaffold, as perfect order prevailed.

COMMITTAL OF WASUDEO BULWUNT PHADKE AND OTHERS.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

POONA, Oct. 27.

The trial of Wasudeo Bulwunt Phadke and fifteen of his accomplices was concluded to-day in the Collector's office before Mr. A. Keyser, first-class magistrate. Mr. Nanabhai Haridas, Government Pleader, Bombay, and Mr. Narayen Jugonnath Bhide, Public Prosecutor at Poona, appeared for the Crown. Mr. Ganesh Josey and Mr. Chintamon Pandurang appeared for Wasudeo Bulwant, and Mr. Visajee Nilkunt Khandekar for five of the other accused, Nos. 4, 5, 7, 8, and 16.

The magistrate mentioned that the witnesses from Hyderabad arrived here on Saturday, not on Friday morning as stated in the newspapers. His Worship understood there was one more witness from Hyderabad whom the prosecution wished to examine. If so, he might be called.

The sheristedar read in Maratha the statements which the accused Wasudeo had made before Mr. Keyser on the 22nd and 27th August last.

WASUDEO BULWUNT'S STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE 22ND AUGUST.

My name is Wasudeo Bulwunt Phadke. I am thirty-four years of age; a Brahmin; and was lately a karkoon in the Commissariat Examiner's Office, Shudols, taluka Panwell, Tanna, and latterly in Poona.

Is the diary shown you in your handwriting?—Yes.

Do you admit that the circumstances occurred as related in it?—Some are written as aid memories, others are facts.

Did you go to Kushaba Patel's at Purandhar in February last?—No; I did not.

What is the meaning of the entry 21st February, "gave arms and sent away the cart at night?" To whom did you give the arms, and where did you send the cart?—They took the arms and the cart and went away to Loni Khand.

"They" means who?—Pillajee Ramosee of Loni, and the cartman.

Who is the cartman?—I did not know him.

What is the meaning of the entry describing the weapons?—I saw that they went in the cart.

What had you to do with sending them?—I wanted to apprehend these people. I have been waiting to seize these people for a long time.

What is the explanation of the entry of the 20th you have now read?—These men were to collect that day, and I went. They were assembled but left, as some had gone.

Why did you return again next day?—Because they were to assemble again.

Why did Vishnu Punt Gadre go with you?—He is a school boy. I wish to state here what my intentions were. For the public benefit I was exerting myself. In this taking of Ramosis and poor people and committing big dacoities, they would be apprehended, and the people relieved of trouble. The Ramosis entice poor people into crime, and get them punished. I pondered much in the way to catch these Ramosis, I fed them, and made friends with them. However, I was not successful with these people, and therefore entered into this last undertaking.

Is the entry in the diary of the 23rd February describing the attack on Dhamari accurate? You have now read it?—Yes, but I only knew two men. I did not know the others.

Who were the two?—Daolata, Ramosi of Koregaum, and Ganesh Ramosi. I do not know of what village the latter is.

Who were Bapujee Saheb, Gunputrao, and Sitaram Gokak?(Entry with these names shown him)—Sitaram is a Kanarese Brahmin; he was with me. I only heard of the others being there, and made the entry.

Was Gunputrao Dhamari there or not?—He was not with me. He was at Loni, not at Dhamari. He knew nothing of what happened after Loni.

Who was the Gopalrao entered under 20th February?—He was a candidate in the Court; he did not go to Dhamari.

What did Gunputrao and Gopalrao come to Loni for?—Gunputrao probably came to see what I was doing as I left without telling any one. Gopalrao was not at Dhamari but joined me afterwards. It is a Brahmin.

In the diary under date 26th February it is written that the "police fired and our people fired on them." Is this correct?—Yes.

What is the meaning of the sentence under the 24th February, "when the time comes, the highest reward must be given to them." What time?—I thought after this deed was done I should certainly get a place in the police, and I thought there I should have the power.

Where is Vishnu Punt now?—I do not know.

Was he at Dhamari?—Yes, he was.

At what dacoities were you present?—Harni, Walke, and up to Chand Khed. I can see by the book I was present, but not in them.

"Send Vishnu Punt on some business to Poona." What is the meaning of this entry of the 25th February? What business?—On Dowlatrao's request to fetch a tin of gunpowder.

Did you collect the arms? If not who did?—No. Dowlatrao collected them. There were not many weapons at Dhamari; one gun, and a sling, and a few swords. Afterwards before Walke, Dowlutrao collected guns from the Ramosis. After going to Walke eight or ten swords were found in a Mang's house. These were the arms.

Why did you make this entry of the 27th February, "Kushyajee Babajee Wakla and Gunia Wakla shall not enter my house?"—I do not know; I wrote on somebody's information. I know neither of the men.

Have you any explanation of this entry, 27th February. "The answer was delayed. I made preparations to kill the fouzdar?"—Pilajee was at first apprehended and detained; at that time all was settled to kill the foudar, but I would not let them carry out their purpose as they also wished after Dhamari to loot the Khed treasury, but I would not allow that. "We" means in the diary that unless I wrote of myself as with them, they would not touch me. I used to read Dowlutrao my diary every day.

Who is patel of Mala?—I don't know.

Used you to pay the Ramosis?—No.

What are these entries of the 6th March? "Distributed pay to all; gave each man ten rupees?"—All the people took their shares from me. The Brahmins took nothing.

Had you all the property with you?—Dowlutrao had it.

Did Dowlutrao get his orders from you or not?—No.

You say you do not know Kushyaji Sabla. Is Kushaba Sabla (7th March) a different man?—Yes, Kushaba Sabla is a Parandhar man; the other I think belongs to Loni.

Did you loot Manjdari?—It was intended, but did not come off. We passed by Manjdari, the people fired on the Ramosis, and the fire was returned. I was a long way behind.

Did you enter the village of Manjdari?—Yes. We passed through it.

Did you loot Sonepur?—I was present when Sonepur was looted.

On the 25th March is written, "On the road is a chowkey belonging to the English; there was a wish to attack it, but the guides said they would run away." Did you yourself intend to attack the chowkey?—No.

Then why do you write below you would not have been afraid if twenty sowars, &c., pursued you?—Because they told me the sowars could not pursue up a mountain and the bullets could not hit us. Five or six wanted to attack the chowkey; the others closed off.

You write 25th March that your attack was changed because only ten men dared. Does not that mean you yourself changed your intention?—No, because from the first I was ever using restraint.

Did you at Nanagaum lecture the people, and say as you had written that "you will have comfort if you destroy the English by the hands; if you do not help us the English now wrong you: they will root out you with your children"?—As I have been a long while in the Finance Office, I know more about military matter than any one else, so I never could think, and did not think that twenty-five people could destroy the English, but I said such things in order to see what ignorance exists among our people and they listened to what I said without dissent, and heard me with great pleasure.

Did you extract money at Sawargaon, by beating people (29th March)?—The Ramosis did; there was not much violence.

The same date did you yourself say

dation of just and orderly government. This result was brought about, not by violence, nor by the high-handed dealing which too often accompanies the contest between higher and lower forms of civilization, but by justice, by conciliation, by a rare power of winning the respect of barbarous races, and by the force of a character which has never failed to gain the love and allegiance of alien races wherever it has been brought in contact with them. To the ambitious designs of the late Khedive, which aimed at establishing a great empire in Eastern Africa, Colonel Gordon gave little countenance or support. His first task to compose a difficulty with Abyssinia which had arisen out of Egyptian aggression, and that done he set himself simply and manfully to the government and organization of the wild provinces committed to his charge. In this task he received cordial encouragement from Ismail Pasha, who, with all his faults, knew a good man when he saw him, and never wavered in his trust of the chivalrous and devoted Gordon. What may be the motives which have now induced Colonel Gordon to resign his post we cannot at present determine. They cannot be connected with the existing difficulties with Abyssinia, for the Colonel is on excellent terms with King John, who has a sincere respect for him, and it is announced that he will not retire until the Abyssinian difficulty is settled. The present Khedive cannot be unaware of the services which Gordon Pasha has rendered to Egypt; but he is known to be a devout Mussulman, and may, therefore, be less determined than his father was to fulfil his engagements in regard to the slave trade, and to make such concessions as a liberal policy might require to a Christian State like Abyssinia. In any case, Colonel Gordon's resignation is a grievous blow to the cause of civilization and humanity in Equatorial Africa. None can do his work as well as himself, and it is more than doubtful whether any one can be found who will even prevent its being undone. A great personal influence will be withdrawn, and it is personal influence alone and that of a rare and peculiar type, which can carry on the work of the regeneration of the Soudan.

We print elsewhere this morning a letter from a correspondent which describes the outlines of the policy pursued by Colonel Gordon in the administration of his vast province. His main endeavour has been throughout to take effective measures for the suppression of the slave trade while gradually contracting the area subjected to the merely nominal control of Egypt. The one object is manifestly no less important than the other. It is idle to think of Egypt in its present condition as a conquering and civilizing Power, and it is even questionable whether it would ever have done what it has for the suppression of the slave trade, notwithstanding its international engagements on the subject, but for the personal influence of Colonel Gordon. Thus the abandonment by Egypt of territorial designs in Central Africa is practically determined by the necessity of the case, and will hardly be materially affected by Colonel Gordon's retirement. Egypt has no longer any power to resist the demands of Abyssinia, and the difficulty that has arisen will in all probability be adjusted by a timely concession. Colonel Gordon, in virtue of the respect in which he is held by the King of Abyssinia, will know how to reduce the demands of the latter to reasonable dimensions, and he is far too just a man to resist what is reasonable, and too practical to stand out when he knows that serious resistance is out of the question. We have lately learnt from the naive letter sent by King John to his Consul in this country what are the grievances under which he considers himself to be suffering. His country is cut off from the sea, and from intercourse with the outer world. He demands a removal of the Egyptian blockade and a cession of a port on the Red Sea. The demand is not unreasonable, and it could hardly be resisted by Egypt if it were seriously pressed. The whole question is one which Colonel Gordon, who is trusted alike by the rulers of Egypt and Abyssinia, is peculiarly qualified to settle; and if he succeeds in adjusting it amicably without bloodshed or disturbance, his last official act will not be the least of the benefits which he has conferred on Central Africa. The present disposition of the Egyptian Government, as reported a few days ago from Cairo, to live in peace with its neighbours is fortunately guaranteed by something more practically effective than a mere expression of goodwill; and the policy, established by Colonel Gordon, of gradually contracting the limits of Egyptian rule is the only one that can be pursued for the future. This consideration may somewhat abate our regret at Colonel Gordon's retirement; but there is, we fear, too much reason to believe that his withdrawal will be followed by disastrous results in other respects. The trade in slaves has been checked by his determined efforts; but the men who have so long been engaged in it are far too wary and powerful not to see their opportunity as soon as his back is turned. It is even doubtful whether the comparative tranquillity and civilization lately introduced into the Soudan are sufficiently firmly established to survive the removal of the one man on whom they have hitherto rested. It would certainly be no encouraging result of the late change in the Government of Egypt if the regeneration of the Soudan, which was at least one redeeming feature in the rule of the late Khedive, were to be allowed to collapse.

Egypt, no doubt, has many more important matters to think of at the present time than the government and organization of its outlying dependencies. But other Powers besides Egypt have an interest in the extinction of the East African slave trade which they will hardly be disposed to neglect, and it will be a scandal to civilization at large if the work so manfully done by Colonel Gordon is allowed to be undone by mere apathy and neglect. From this point of view the loss of such a man at such a time is little short of irreparable. It is doubtful if any successor can be found to carry on his work as he would have carried it on himself, and it is perhaps still more doubtful whether any efficient successor will be appointed by the Egyptian Government. If the slave trade is to be permanently extinguished, it can only be done, as our correspondent points out, by a constant surveillance of all the great caravan roads, and a strict prohibition of the return of the slave-dealers to any of their old haunts. Colonel Gordon had it in his power to carry out measures like this because his influence was unbounded throughout the district, and he was implicitly obeyed by all the people of his vast province. It is hardly possible to believe that the task can be accomplished when such a personal influence as his is withdrawn. If it is abandoned, the slave trade with all its horrors will revive, and the Soudan itself will lapse into the anarchy and confusion from which Colonel Gordon rescued it for a time. This result, if it should ensue, will be deeply regretted by all who care for humanity and civilization. We can hardly blame Egypt for shrinking from a task which is manifestly beyond its powers, and it is certainly to be commended for abandoning territorial designs which could only impede its real progress and divert attention from its pressing domestic necessities. But the withdrawal of Colonel Gordon from his humane and beneficent work in the Soudan is undoubtedly a fatal loss to Central Africa, and may in its consequences become a disaster to the cause of humanity.

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A VERY LARGE STOCK OF BRITISH OAK WORK,
with Electro-Plated or Silver Mounts, on view suitable for Wedding Presents, &c.

SALAD BOWLS AND SERVERS, Rs. 100.
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BISCUIT BOXES, Rs. 42 and 29.
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SPIRIT CARRIAGE, ON WHEELS WITH BEAUTIFULLY ENGRAVED DECANTER AND TWO TUMBLERS AND PLACE FOR TWO SODAWATER BOTTLES, Rs. 77.
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HAMILTON AND CO.,
JEWELLERS, &c.,
8th Oct., 1879. BOMBAY. Rampart Row.

HOTELS.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL MATHERAN.
MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both Hotels, begs to inform the Public that the above Hotels are now OPEN to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels well adapted for Families, for whose comfort every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position, and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. They are also nearest to the Station and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool, making it ESPECIALLY AGREEABLE in the HOT SEASON Mr. Pinto undertakes to look after Bungalows on the Hill at a charge of Rs. 30 per annum. "PARBUL" HOUSE TO LET for October Rent Rs. 300 for the season.

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FOR SALE,
CLARET IN WOOD AND CASES.

Montferrant Claret of 46 to 50 Galls. Hhd.	Rs.	170
St. Emilion do. do. do.	,,	225
St. Julien do. do. do.	,,	275
Medoc per dozen quarts	,,	10
St. Julien do.	,,	18
Margaux do.	,,	28

BRANDY IN CASES.

Cognac Vieux per dozen	Rs.	18
Cognac Champagne do.	,,	20

Enquire at Messrs. DESCHAMPS & Co., Parsee Bazar Street, Elphinstone Circle.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY FOR
READ BROTHERS, BOTTLERS, LONDON.
BASS'S PALE ALE.
GUINNESS'S STOUT.
Neither the Brewers nor the Bottlers have spared any trouble or cost to make these renowned Beers the finest in the World.
Both capital and skill are allied to make them standards of excellence.
NET CASH, CREDIT.

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
In casks of 3 doz. qts. per doz.	5 12	6 0 Duties included.
In casks of 6 doz. pts. per doz.	4 8	4 12

"BULL DOG" MARK—CAUTION.
Read Brothers of London, the sole originators and duly registered joint-owners of this Bottling mark beg purchasers of "BULL DOG" ale or stout to see that their name is on the labels otherwise it is NOT bottled by them as it always has been.
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PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—
CHAMPAGNE:—

Eugene Cliquot's Carte Blanche	Rs. 40	Per doz. Qts.
Ditto ditto	,, 42	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Heidsicks and Co.'s Dry Monopole	Rs. 56	per doz. Qts.
Ditto ditto	,, 58	per case of 2 doz. pints.

STILL HOCKS:—FROM G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs.	17 per doz. Qts.
Do.	,,	20 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Geisenheimer	,,	18 per doz. Qts.
Do.	,,	21 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Liebfraumilch	,,	23 per doz. Qts.
Steinwein	,,	23 per doz. Qts.
Hochheimer	,,	26 ,,
Ruedesheimer	,,	28 ,,
Do.	,,	31 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Marcobrunner	,,	32 per doz. Qts.
Do.	,,	35 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Queen Victoria Berg	,,	38 per doz. Qts.

* BRANDY:—

Boulegin & Co.'s Cognac	,,	20 per doz. Qts.
F. Desandre & Co.'s ,,	,,	22 ,,
Frapp and Rogée's ,,	,,	39 ,,

* CLARETS:—FROM H. AND C. HALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs.	14 per doz. Qts.
Ditto ditto	,,	16 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Los Canons	,,	18 per doz. Qts.
Do. do.	,,	20 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Chateau Leoville	,,	20 per doz. Qts.
Do. Lafitte	,,	25 ,,

BEER:—

IND COOPE & Co.'s PALE ALE	Rs.	5 per doz. Qts.
Norway Pale Ale	,,	5 per doz. Qts.
Krenzmacher Export Beer	,,	6½ per doz. Qts.

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Bitwurst	Rs.	13-8 as. per doz. tins,
Leberwurst	,,	15 ,,
Cervelatwurst	,,	16-8 as. ,,
Genuine sausischer	,,	19-8 as. ,,
Finest German Asparagus	,,	24 ,,

Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.
SPECIAL TERMS TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, CO-OPERATIVE STORES, &c.
Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
VOLKART BROTHERS, Rampart Row, Fort.
Bombay, 2nd October 1879.

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Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.
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the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.